



PHILIPPINES
1898 - 1998

www.filipino.dk

Johnni Olsen
1998

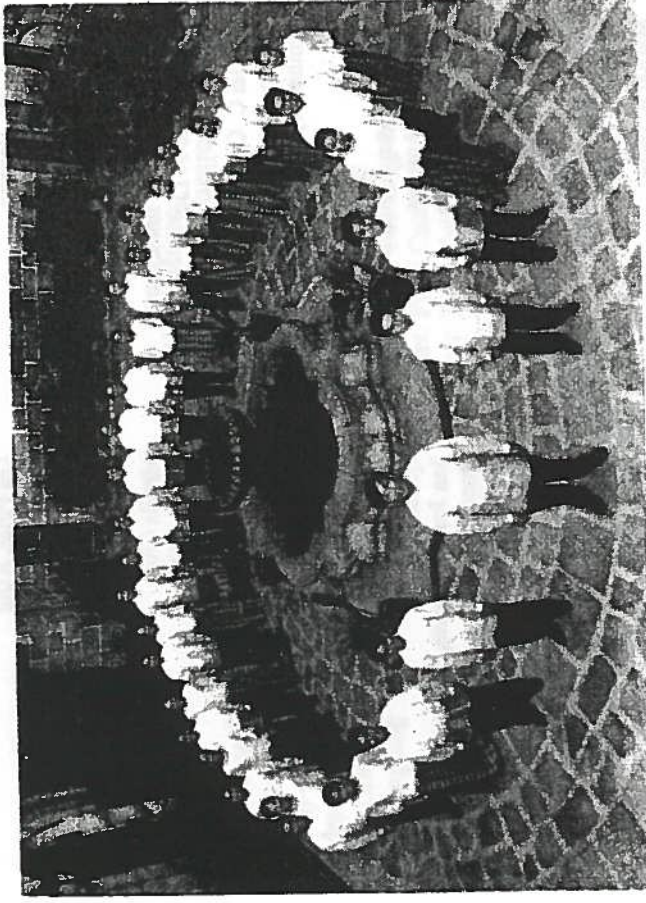


The Philippine Centennial 1898-1998 in Denmark

Pre-centennial activities:

Date	Activities	Venue	Organization
Feb. 14	Valentines Day Search for Miss Philippine Centennial	Gimle	FAD
Mar 1	Sports : Chess	SF Manila Club	Centennial Sports Com
Apr 12	Cenakulo: passion play	St.Annæ Church	FAD/DUK
April	Qualifying matches: basketball	DGI Byen	Centennial Sports Com
May	Finals: basketball	DGI Byen	Centennial Sports Com
May 16	Philippine Day	Sct.Annæ Skole	FAD/Filipino children
May 23	Sports championship: bowling	BBC	The Eagles
May 27	From The Pacific to Amager: The Philippines in Focus	Amager-kulturpunkt	Bagscenen/FAD

UST SINGERS CONCERT & FOOD BAZAAR



Borupshøjskolen København

Frederiksholm Kanal 24, 1220 København K

Saturday, October 31, 1998

Food Bazaar: 15.00 hrs. Concert: 18.30 hrs.

Brought to you by the Philippine Centennial Committee-Denmark

Participating organizations:

- **Babaylan**
(Filipino Women's Organization)
- **Bayanihan**
(Centre for Filipino Migrants)
- **Damayan**
(Bataan Scholarship Club)
- **DFA**
(Danish Filipino Association)
- **Eagles Bowling Club**
- **FAD**
(Filipino Association of Denmark)
- **Sports Club Manila**
- **Mabuhay** Organisation of Filipinos
- **Maharlika**
(Philippine Cultural Guild)
- **Radyo Pinoy**
(Filipino Radio, Kanal København)

MABUHAY to Everyone!

from the **Philippine Centennial Committee of Denmark, PCCD.**

PCCD is the coordinating unit among Denmark's Filipinos for the year-long centennial celebration of the Philippine independence, 1898 - 1998.

THE UST SINGERS

1998 EUROPEAN CONCERT TOUR MEMBERS

SOPRANOS

Jannette M. Atienza
Joan G. Cano
Maria Asela G. Labaro
Bessie L. Meman
Jhoanna Zaida A. Nepomuceno
Virgilia C. Pegoria
Christine S. Singayan
Victoria D. Simbol

Quezon City
Quezon City
Iloilo City
Pasig, Metro Manila
Marikina, Metro Manila
Las Piñas, Rizal
Makati, Metro Manila
Quezon City

ALTOS

Maricar Abigail J. Encarnacion
Maria Janice P. Lim
Marcialyn C. Lopez
Florelai C. Ordoñez
Jocelyn Anna Marie J. Urata
Cynthia Joy V. Makil

Manila City
Quezon City
Manila City
San Fernando, Pampanga
Solano, Nueva Vizcaya
Caloocan City

BASSES

Vernie Ferman P. Abando
Stanley Y. Angeles
Wilreg O. Apilado
Froilan F. Aquino
Richard M. Atienza
Joshua Jenaro M. Badilla
Froilan V. Fulgencio
Rolán Jason S. Gutierrez
Tristan C. Ignacio
Marlon R. Silva

Quezon City
Quezon City
San Jose del Monte, Bulacan
Quezon City
Quezon City
Mandaluyong, Rizal
Meycauayan, Bulacan
Lucena City
Imus, Cavite
Obando, Bulacan

TENORS

Erwin M. Andaya
Christopher P. Avendaño
Joel Jay O. Baluyot
Fermín M. Mendoza
Jose Mari U. Rubio
Von Ryan E. Yu
Laurito M. Zapata
Paulo Francisco C. Zarate
Frederik M. Tero

Manila City
Navotas, Rizal
Pasig, Metro Manila
Quezon City
Parañaque, Rizal
Cuenca, Batangas
Biflan, Laguna
Pasig, Metro Manila
San Jose del Monte, Bulacan

Prof. Fidel G. Calalang, Jr.
(Conductor / Musical Director)

Valenzuela, Bulacan

PROGRAMME

PIANO NUMBER

Valleé du Overman
By Franz Liszt

-Filamentina Høgsholm
*Piano Graduate from the Royal
Copenhagen Conservatory of Music*

SACRED MUSIC

The Lord's Prayer
Prayer of Saint Francis

-A. H. Malotte
-Allen Pote / arr. Robert Delgado

FILIPINO SONGS

Mamayog Akun
Waway
Paru-parong Bukid
Minsang Lang Kitang Ibigin
Waray-waray
Inday sa Balitaw
Ikaw Lamang
Tirindingding
Galawgaw
Dalaga't Binata
Isang Dugo, Isang Lahi, Isang Musika

-Fabian Obispo
-arr. Eudínico Pararuan
-arr. Fabian Obispo
-arr. Arnold Zamora
-arr. Fidel Calalang, Jr.
-arr. Rosendo Santos
-arr. Joven Valeras
-arr. Fidel Calalang, Jr.
-arr. Fidel Calalang, Jr.
-arr. Fidel Calalang, Jr.
-arr. Joel Navarro

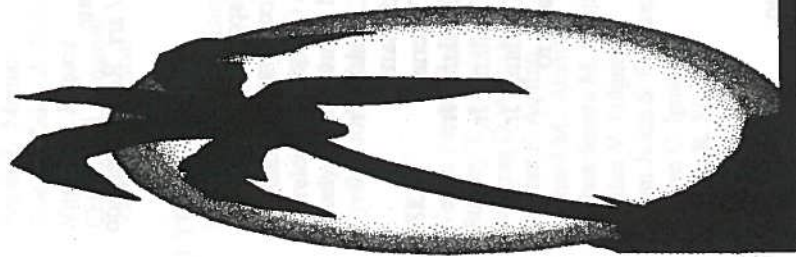
INTERMISSION

(15 minutes)

INTERNATIONAL SONGS

Dona Ubensa (Argentina)
Tanguendo (Argentina)
Duerme Negrito (Venezuela)
Ain't Got Time To Die (Spiritual)
Old Time Religion (Spiritual)
The Syncopated Clock
Plunk, Plunk, Plunk (USA)
All I Ask Of You
Say A Little Prayer
I Got Rhythm
Java Jive
One Day More

-Lilian Camfianno
-Oscar Escalada
-Emilio Sole
-Hal Johnson
-Moses Hogan
-Leroy Anderson / arr. Fidel Calalang, Jr.
-Leroy Anderson / arr. Fidel Calalang, Jr.
-Andrew Lloyd Weber
-Burt Bacharach / arr. Fidel Calalang, Jr.
-George Gershwin
-Kirby Shaw
-Alain Boublil / C. Michel Schoenberg



*We offer competitive prices
for any destination.
We render services as pros and
know the Philippines well.*

Oriental House/Boltens Gård

Gothersgade 8L, DK-1123 København K

Phone (45 33 15 33 22 . Fax (45) 33 15 33 29

Homepage: <http://www.cctravel.dk> * E-mail: cctravel@datashopper.dk

Centennial Activities : from June 1998 onwards

Date	Activity	Venue	Organization
June 17-21	Centennial kick-off Focus: Filipinos in Denmark films, lectures, childrens' activities, fashion shows, dances	National Museum	PCCD All organizations
June 20	Centennial Gala Evening Dinner-dance Cultural numbers	Scandic Hotel	PCCD All organizations
July 18	Harana/Song Fest	Gimle	Mabuhay
July 25	Goodwill Games: Scandinavia-wide	DGI Byen	Sports Comm.
Aug 15	Buhay Pilipino/ Philippine living: food, games, forum	Gimle	Bayanihan
Aug 29	Eco-Picknick Bingwitan	Dyrehaven Fishing outing	Babaylan Sports Comm.
Sept 18-30	Lasang Pinoy/ Food Festival	Store Kro	Mabuhay
Oct 3	Harana Finals	Sct. Annæ Center	Mabuhay
Oct 27	Philippine music: Concerts	Borups Højskole National Museum Sct. Annæ Church	PCCD All organizations
Nov	Filipino Filmfest	Filmhouse	PCCD/FAD Babaylan
Dec	Paskuhan/ Filipino Christmas	National Museum Sct. Annæ Center	PCCD/FAD Babaylan
Dec 12	Centennial Christmas	Scandic Hotel	PCCD All organizations
Dec 13	Julehygge: Danish-Pilipino Christmas	Sct. Annæ Center	FAD
Dec 25	Panunuluyan/ Christmas tableau	Sct. Annæ Church	FAD, Sct. Annæ kids

The Philippines

"A piece of Latin America in Asia" is a succinct label for the Philippines, the only Christian - predominantly Catholic- country in Asia. Although fairly well-developed prior to contacts with other countries (commerce with China, Indochina, Malaysia, India and Arabian countries 500 years previous) this archipelago of 7000 islands came under the Spanish crown like most of Latin America for several hundred years. It was the Portuguese explorer, Ferdinand Magellan, in Spain's service, who discovered the islands on March 16, 1521. At that time, the area was already in the throes of islamization, having been exposed from the 14th century to missionaries from the Arab world. Spain's sovereignty over the Philippines was however fully established by the 17th century. Magellan's voyage to search for spices -worth their weight in gold in Europe then - has actually changed the world's cultural, political and economic geography.

From the very beginning, however, the Filipinos were fierce freedomfighters. At the hands of the native chieftain of Mactan, the bolo- skirmishing Lapu-lapu, Magellan met his Maker when he tried to mediate a local dispute. Throughout almost 400 years of Spanish rule, there were a number of sporadic revolts although without success. At the turn of the century when Filipinos, students in Europe, brought home liberal ideas and nurtured dreams of independence, the struggle for freedom began and climaxed in the Revolution of 1896. Dr Jose Rizal -ophthalmologist, linguist, novelist - was the major reformist who literally had to give up his life when his incendiary novels became too much for the frailocracy. Rizal's execution later fuelled the flames of revolution: Andres Bonifacio, leader of a fraternity called the **Katipunan**, took to armed struggle, inspired by Rizal's heroism. Two years later, on June 12, 1898, the Spanish regime buckled down. Finally the leaders of the revolution, this time with Emilio Agui-

naldo as President, proclaimed the nation free, the very first republic in Asia.

Fate would play cruel though. It would take 50 more years of American rule interrupted by 5 years of Japanese occupation during WWII before Filipinos could finally be masters of their own House.

The Filipinos in Denmark

An overlooked, invisible group in Denmark, Filipinos are quietly adjusting to the new life without giving up their culture, family values and religion. They arrived when Denmark was experiencing an upswing economy; men and women in equal numbers and without family initially, almost at the same time -in the late 60's- as Denmark's oldest immigrant groupings, the Moroccans, the Turks, Pakistanis, etc.

Although many of them were university-educated, the Filipino immigrant workers had to take up jobs in factories and in the service sector. Their relative lack of Danish language skills esp. among the older generation has however not affected their good status in the labour market. The younger generation naturally now has language skills but perhaps lack knowledge of their parents' culture, language and traditions.

Today, ethnic Filipinos supposedly total ca. 8000 but officially only 2000 since many may have acquired Danish passports (citizenship) in the meantime. Almost all are Catholics and they comprise a significant part of the 32 000 Catholics in Denmark. As to the so-called "Third Stage" in life -the otium- some of the older guard have already gone home, mostly those have made a golden nest through years of stable incomes. But for many, it will be a dilemma whether to remain in Denmark and continue to see children and grandchildren, or go home to a comfortable life. One thing is sure: the family remains the most important anchor institution for any Filipino whether at home or abroad.